

ATTORNEY GENERAL

ACCES ATTOMOUTE CHENERAL

OF THEXAS

AUSTEN 11, TEXAS

April 15, 1947

Hon. Ray Lackey County Auditor Yoakum County Plains, Texas

Dear Sir:

Opinion No. V-146

Re: Lawful right of a person to hold the offices of city councilman and justice of the peace at the same time.

Your inquiry under date of April 3, 1947, solicits an opinion of this department on the question:

"Can a city councilman that was elected by the people of an incorporated city serve as justice of the peace when he is appointed by the commissioners! court?"

City councilmen and justices of the peace are not authorized to perform the same kind of services; neither of them have any right to direct or review services performed by the other; so there is nothing incompatible in the performance of the duties of said offices.

The pertinent part of Section 40 of Article XVI of the Constitution of Texas is as follows:

"No person shall hold or exercise, at the same time, more than one civil office of emolument, except Justice of the Peace, County Commissioner, Notary Public

That section of the Constitution, as it pertains to the office of Justice of the Peace, is in the Constitution of 1845. In 1856 the Supreme Court said, in Powell vs. Wilson, 16 Tex. 59:

"It is clear, therefore, that two civil offices of emolument cannot be united in the same person, unless one of them be that of Justice of the Peace, which is specially excepted." (Emphasis added)

In 1890 the Supreme Court cited the Fowell Case with approval in Gaal vs. Townsend, 77 Tex. 464,

14 S. W. 365, in which the Court again decided that one person may hold more than one office of emolument at the same time if one of such offices be that of justice of the peace. In that case, Gaal was one of the elected county commissioners of El Paso County and accepted the office of mayor of the incorporated town of Taleta. The Supreme Court decided that, under the Constitution, Gaal could lawfully hold the effices of county commissioner of El Paso County and mayor of Taleta at the same time; the court said:

"... the words ... indicate that it was intended that a person might lawfully hold any office and in addition thereto either of the offices enumerated." (Emphasis added)

Opinion Nos. 0-382, 0-2055, 0-2184 and 0-6524 of this department construed the language of Section 40 of Article XVI of the Constitution. We enclose a copy of each of those opinions for your information.

We are of the opinion that a person may hold the offices of city councilmen and justice of the peace at the same time.

STANKET

A person may hold the offices of city councilman and justice of the peace at the same time under specific provisions of Art. XVI, Sec. 40, of the Texas Constitution.

Yours very truly,

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

By

V. T. Villiams
Assistant

APPROVED APR. 15, 1947

ATTORNEY GENERAL

VTW:sl:dr:mmi